23112. Adulteration of blueberries. U. S. v. 5 Crates, et al., of Blueberries. Default decrees of forfeiture and destruction. (F. & D. nos. 33356, 33358, 33359, 33360, 33361. Sample nos. 5398-B, 5398-B, 5399-B, 5400-B, 14401-B, 14402-B.)

These cases involved shipments of blueberries which were infested with

maggots.

On August 1, 2, and 3, 1934, the United States attorney for the District of Massachusetts, acting upon reports by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court libels praying seizure and condemnation of 34 crates of blueberries at Boston, Mass., consigned in various lots on or about July 31, August 1, and August 2, 1934, alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce by Leach & Lait, from Bangor and Bucksport, Maine, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in

part of a filthy, decomposed, or putrid vegetable substance.

On August 21, 1934, no claimant having appeared, judgments of forfeiture were entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

23113. Adulteration of blueberries. U. S. v. 13 Crates and 22 Crates of Blueberries. Default decree of forfeiture and destruction. (F. & D. nos. 33357, 33362. Sample nos. 14413-B, 14416-B.)

These cases involved shipments of blueberries which were infested with

On August 13 and 14, 1934, the United States attorney for the District of Massachusetts, acting upon reports by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court libels praying seizure and condemnation of 35 crates of blueberries at Boston, Mass., consigned August 12 and 14, 1934, alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce by John Greenrose of West Rockport, Maine, from Camden, Maine, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in

part of a filthy, decomposed, or putrid vegetable substance.

On September 11, 1934, no claimant having appeared, judgments of forfeiture were entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

23114. Adulteration of blueberries. U. S. v. 16 Crates of Blueberries. Default decree of forfeiture and destruction, (F. & D. no. 33363. Sample no. 14419-B.)

This case involved a shipment of blueberries which were infested with

On August 16, 1934, the United States attorney for the District of Massachusetts, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 16 crates of blueberries at Boston, Mass., consigned on or about August 15, 1934, from West Rockport, Maine, alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce by A. F. Heald, of Lincolnville, Maine, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in

part of a filthy, decomposed, or putrid vegetable substance.

On September 11, 1934, no claimant having appeared, judgment of forfeiture was entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

23115. Adulteration of blueberries. U. S. v. 72 Crates of Blueberries. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 33371. Sample no. 6708-B.)

This case involved a shipment of blueberries which were infested with

On August 10, 1934, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 72 crates of blueberries at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about August 9, 1934, by J. Gullick, from Mahanoy City, Pa., and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy, decomposed, or putrid vegetable substance. On August 24, 1934, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

23116. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. 10 Tubs of Butter. Consent decree of condemnation and forfeiture. Product released under bond to be reworked. (F. & D. no. 33380. Sample no. 7246-B.)

This case involved a shipment of butter, samples of which were found to

contain less than 80 percent of milk fat.

On August 13, 1934, the United States attorney for the Southern District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 10 tubs of butter at New York, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about August 2, 1934, by the Iowa Falls Creamery Co., from Iowa Falls, Iowa, shipping for the Alden Cooperative Creamery Co., Alden, Iowa, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that a product containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter, a product which should contain not less than 80 percent of milk fat as provided by the

act of Congress of March 4, 1923.

On August 17, 1934, the Alden Cooperative Creamery Co., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel and having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and it was ordered that the product be released under bond conditioned that it be reworked so that it contain at least 80 percent of milk fat.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

23117. Adulteration and misbranding of butter. U. S. v. 2 Cases of Butter. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 33382. Sample no. 4177-B.)

This case involved a shipment of butter which contained mold, rodent hairs,

insects, and other filth. The product was also deficient in milk fat.

On August 7, 1934, the United States attorney for the Eastern District of Louisiana, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of two cases of butter at New Orleans, La., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce, on or about July 24, 1934, by the Lexington Ice & Creamery Co., from Lexington, Miss., and charging adulteration and misbranding in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part: "Butter."

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy, decomposed, or putrid animal substance. Adulteration was alleged for the further reason that a product containing less than 80 percent by weight of milk fat had been substituted for butter, a product which should contain not less than 80 percent of milk fat as provided by the act of Congress of March 4, 1923.

Misbranding was alleged for the reason that the statement on the label, "Butter", was false and misleading.

On September 7, 1934, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and destruction of the product was ordered.

M. L. Wilson, Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

23118. Adulteration of blueberries. U. S. v. 12 Crates of Blueberries. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. no. 33383. Sample no. 15029-B.)

This case involved a shipment of blueberries which were infested with

maggots.

On August 16, 1934, the United States attorney for the Western District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 12 crates of blueberries at Buffalo, N. Y., alleging that the article had been shipped in interstate commerce on or about August 14, 1934, by Welton Lozier, from Machias, Maine, and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act.

It was alleged in the libel that the article was adulterated in that it consisted in whole or in part of a filthy, decomposed, or putrid vegetable substance.